

### Amble Links First School – Y3 Literacy Yearly Overview -2019-20

Year 3	Autumn		Spring		Summer	
	Stone Age to Iron Age		Extreme Earth		Ruthless Romans	
Texts	<b><u>Fiction</u></b> <b>Model Text:</b> Elf Road	<b><u>Non-fiction:</u></b> <b>Model Text:</b> How to trap a troll	<b><u>Fiction</u></b> <b>Model Text:</b> Escape From Pompeii	<b><u>Non-fiction</u></b> <b>Model Text:</b> Twisted Tornado	<b><u>Fiction</u></b> <b>Model Text:</b> Theseus and the Minotaur	<b><u>Non-fiction</u></b> <b>Model Text:</b> The Teacher Pleaser Machine
	<b>Genre:</b> Portal Tale	<b>Genre:</b> Instructions	<b>Genre:</b> Action and Adventure Tale	<b>Genre:</b> Information	<b>Genre:</b> Myth Tale	<b>Genre:</b> Explanation
	<b>Focus:</b> Settings and Description		<b>Focus:</b> Description		<b>Focus:</b> Dialogue	
	<b>Free writing week</b>		<b>Free writing week</b>		<b>Free writing week</b>	
Spelling	<b>RWI Y3 Spelling Programme</b>  Adding the prefixes dis- and in- Adding im- to root words beginning with m or p Adding the suffix -ous Adding the suffix -ly Words ending in -ture  Y3/4 Word List		<b>RWI Y3 Spelling Programme</b>  Adding -ation to verbs to form nouns Words with the c sound spelt ch Words with the sh sound spelt ch The short i sound spelt y Adding the suffix -ion Adding the suffix -ian  Y3/4 Word List		<b>RWI Y3 Spelling Programme</b>  Adding the prefix re- Homophones Adding the prefix anti- Adding the prefix super- Anti the prefix sub-  Y3/4 Word List	

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<b>Grammar &amp; punctuation</b>	<b><u>Text structure</u></b> <b>Fiction:</b> Secure use of planning tools: story map/story mountain/boxing-up grids Develop 5 parts to story: introduction/ Build-up/ Problem/ resolution/ Ending Paragraphs: organise each part of a story to indicate a change in place or time Plan opening around character(s), setting, time of day and type of weather <b>Non-fiction:</b> Secure use of planning tools: text map/ washing line/boxing-up grids Paragraphs:to organise ideas around a theme Subheadings Bullet Points	<b><u>Text structure</u></b> <b>Fiction:</b> Secure use of planning tools: story map/story mountain/boxing-up grids Continue to develop 5 parts to story: introduction/ Build-up/ Problem/ resolution/ Ending Paragraphs: organise each part of a story to indicate a change in place or time Plan opening around character(s), setting, time of day and type of weather <b>Non-fiction:</b> Introduction: develop hook to introduce and tempt the reader Subheadings and Paragraphs Diagrams Present Perfect	<b><u>Text structure</u></b> <b>Fiction:</b> Secure use of planning tools: story map/story mountain/boxing-up grids 5 parts to story: introduction/ Build-up/ Problem/ resolution/ Ending Paragraphs: organise each part of a story to indicate a change in place or time Plan opening around character(s), setting, time of day and type of weather <b>Non-fiction:</b> Develop ending, e.g. personal response, extra information, amazing facts Sub headings Paragraphs
	<b><u>Sentence Construction</u></b> Embellished simple sentences: Adverbial phrases used as a 'where', 'when', or 'how' starter e.g. A few days ago, we discovered a hidden box. Compound sentences (coordination) using connectives: and/or/but/so Sentence of 3 for description e.g. The cottage was almost invisible, hiding under a thick layer of snow and glistening in the sunlight.	<b><u>Sentence Construction</u></b> Vary long and short sentences: Long sentences to add description or information. Short sentences for emphasis and making key points. Prepositional phrases to place the action: on the mat; behind the tree, in the air Develop complex sentences (subordination) with a range of subordinating conjunctions	<b><u>Sentence Construction</u></b> Embellished simple sentences: Adverb starters to add detail e.g. Carefully, she crawled along the floor of the cave... 'ing' clauses as starters e.g. Sighing, the boy finished his homework. Drop in a relative clause using who/whom/which/whose/that e.g. The boy, whose name was George, thought he was brave. Pattern of 3 for persuasion e.g. Visit, Swim, Enjoy! Dialogue - powerful speech verb
	<b><u>Word structure/language</u></b> Use of determiners a or an according to whether next word begins with a vowel Prepositions	<b><u>Word structure/language</u></b> Powerful verbs More specific/technical vocabulary to add detail	<b><u>Word structure/language</u></b> Boastful language Nouns formed from prefixes e.g. super- anti-
	<b><u>Punctuation</u></b> Colon before a list	<b><u>Punctuation</u></b> Ellipses to keep the reader hanging on	<b><u>Punctuation</u></b> Secure use of inverted commas for direct speech